

CAQH CORE Claim Status (276/277)

Data Content Rule

Version CS.1.0

Review Work Group Draft

October 1, 2025

Revision History for Claim Status (276/277) Data Content Rule

Version	Revision	Description	Date
CS.1.0	Major	Development of the Claim Status (276/277) Data Content Rule	October 2025



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1. Background Summary

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1.1. CORE Overview

- CORE is an industry-wide facilitator committed to creating and adopting healthcare operating rules that support standards, accelerate interoperability, and align administrative and clinical activities among
- 5 providers, health plans, and patients. Guided by over 130 participating organizations including
- 6 healthcare providers, health plans, government entities, vendors, associations, and standards
- 7 development organizations CORE Operating Rules drive a trusted, simple, and sustainable healthcare
- 8 information exchange that evolves and aligns with market needs.
- 9 To date, this cross-industry commitment has resulted in operating rules addressing many pain points of
- 10 healthcare business transactions, including eligibility and benefits verification, claims and claims status,
- 11 claim payment and remittance, health plan premium payment, enrollment and disenrollment, prior
- 12 authorization, and aspects of value-based healthcare such as patient attribution methodologies and
- addressing social determinants of health (SDOH).

2. Issues to Be Addressed and Business Requirement Justification

2.1. Problem Space

- 16 Widespread use of the X12 v5010X212276 Health Care Claim Status Request (hereafter referred to as
- 17 X12 v5010 276) and the X12 v5010X212277 Health Care Claim Status Response (hereafter referred to
- as X12 v5010 277) has not produced consistent, actionable information on the status of a claim. Health
- 19 plans vary in how they apply Claim Status Category Code (CSCC) and Claim Status Code (CSC)
- 20 combinations, resulting in unclear or contradictory responses that necessitate manual follow-up (such as
- 21 phone calls and portal checks) and delay work. In parallel, data misalignment—differences in health plan
- 22 claim search and match requirements, and in what they return to support follow-up—drives "claim not
- 23 found" outcomes and delays rework that could otherwise occur within days of submission. Variation in
- required search inputs (e.g., which patient and provider fields are needed) and uneven inclusion of
- 25 payment-linkage elements (e.g., check number/check date) reduce the utility of the transaction for
- 26 revenue-cycle workflows.
- 27 Providers' needs from the claim status transaction are straightforward and action-oriented:
 - 1. What is the claim's status? (Finalized—payment or no payment; Denied; Pended; or Error/Unable to respond), expressed with uniform CSCC+CSC combinations that clearly direct next steps.
 - 2. Does the health plan (or its agent) have the claim, and how can it be matched? Consistent search/match inputs on the X12 v5010 276, plus payer claim control number and payment linkage (e.g., check number/check date) on the X12 v5010 277 to enable immediate, accurate follow-up.
 - Addressing these gaps reduces interpretation burden, prevents avoidable outreach, and moves rework earlier, improving cash flow and overall administrative efficiency.

2.2. Focus of the CORE Claim Status (276/277) Data Content Rule

- 37 The following requirements aligning on the data content of the claim status transaction are outlined:
 - Requirements for uniform, scenario-based use of X12 Claim Status Category Codes (CSCC) + Claim Status Codes (CSC) in the X12 v5010 277 when communicating claim status and business-level errors.
 - Specification of a minimum set of information to include on an X12 v5010 276 and X12 v5010 277 that supports:
 - Accurate patient and/or claim search and match (e.g., consistent name handling via name normalization, key identifiers, and dates of service).
 - Reduction of "claim not found" responses and return of a single, clearly identifiable match where possible.

- o Clear communication of the claim's status relative to adjudication (e.g., finalized—payment/no payment, denied, pended, errors).
 - Matching the response to its corresponding X12 v5010 837 transaction.
 - Association of paid claim status responses to their corresponding RA/payment (e.g., payer claim control number, check number, check date, and, when available, payment amount) to support timely AR reconciliation.

53 **3. Scope**

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3.1. What the Rule Applies To

- The CORE Claim Status (276/277) Data Content Rule applies to the conduct of X12 005010 276/277 (hereafter referred to as X12 v5010 276/277) Health Care Claim Status Request/Response transactions.
- 57 The CORE Claim Status (276/277) Data Content Rule:
 - Standardizes the use of Claim Status Category Code (CSCC) and Claim Status Code (CSC)
 combinations in the X12 277 Health Care Claim Status Response through ubiquitous business
 cases to establish actionable next steps for health plans and providers; and
 - Specifies minimum, standardized data content requirements for the Health Care Claim Status Request and Response transactions across three use cases: Patient Search & Match Criteria, Claim Matching, and RA & Check/Payment Information.

3.2. When the Rule Applies

This rule applies when any HIPAA-covered entity or its agent uses, conducts, or processes an X12 v5010 276/277 claim status transaction to report a rejection, payment, denial, or pending status of a claim or claim status inquiry by a health plan or its agent from a pre-adjudication or adjudication system.

3.3. What the Rule Does Not Address

- 69 This rule does not address:
 - X12 005010X213 Health Care Claim Request for Additional Information (277), which is a health plan's request for additional information to support a health care claim.
 - X12 005010X214 Health Care Claim Acknowledgment (277CA), which is used by a health plan to acknowledge the receipt of a claim as it enters the health plan's pre-adjudication or adjudication system.
 - X12 005010X364 Data Reporting Acknowledgment (277), where the X12 v5010X364 is an acknowledgement of the X12 v5010X298 Post Adjudicated Claim Data Reporting: Professional (837), the X12 v5010X299 Post Adjudicated Claim Data Reporting: Institutional (837), the X12 v5010X300 Post Adjudicated Claim Data Reporting: Dental (837), and X326 transactions including and after v7030.

3.4. What the Rule Does Not Require

This rule does not require any HIPAA-covered entity to modify its use and content of other loops and data elements that may be submitted in the X12 v5010 276/277 that are not addressed in this rule.

3.5. Applicable Loops, Data Elements & Code Sources

- This rule applies to the following data elements and loops in the X12 v5010 276/277 transactions. This rule establishes a minimum floor of requirements and does not prohibit any entity from also reporting its claim service line status.
- To support claim status reporting, this rule covers the following specified loops, segments, and data elements in the X12 v5010 277 transaction:

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Table 1 – Applicable X12 v5010 277 Claim Loops and Segments	Status Reporting
Data Element	Loop & Segment
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200B-STC01-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200B-STC01-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200B-STC10-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200B-STC10-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200B-STC11-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200B-STC11-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200C-STC01-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200C-STC01-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200C-STC10-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200C-STC10-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200C-STC11-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200C-STC11-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200D-STC01-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200D-STC01-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200D-STC10-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200D-STC10-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200D-STC11-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200D-STC11-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2220D-STC01-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2220D-STC01-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2220D-STC10-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2220D-STC10-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2220D-STC11-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2220D-STC11-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200E-STC01-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200E-STC01-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200E-STC10-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200E-STC10-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2200E-STC11-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2200E-STC11-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2220E-STC01-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2220E-STC01-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2220E-STC10-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2220E-STC10-02
Health Care Claim Status Category Code	2220E-STC11-01
Health Care Claim Status Code	2220E-STC11-02

To support effective patient search and matching, this rule covers the following specified loops, segments, and data elements in the X12 v5010 276 transaction:

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Table 2 – Applicable X12 v5010 276 Patient Search & Match Criteria Loops and Segments			
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element		
Patient Date of Birth	2000D-DMG02 (Subscriber)		
	2000E-DMG02 (Dependent)		
Patient Gender Code	2000D-DMG03 (Subscriber)		
	2000E-DMG03 (Dependent)		
Patient Last Name	2100D-NM103 (Subscriber)		
	2100E-NM103 (Dependent)		
Patient First Name	2100D-NM104 (Subscriber)		
	2100E-NM104 (Dependent)		

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Table 2 – Applicable X12 v5010 276 Patient Search & Match Criteria Loops and Segments		
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element	
Subscriber ID	2100D-NM109 (Subscriber)	
	2100E-NM109 (Dependent)	

To support effective patient search and matching, this rule covers the following specified loops, segments, and data elements in the X12 v5010 277 transaction:

Table 3 – Applicable X12 v5010 277 Patient Search & Match Criteria Loops and Segments			
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element		
Patient Last Name	2100D-NM103 (Subscriber)		
	2100E-NM103 (Dependent)		
Patient First Name	2100D-NM104 (Subscriber)		
	2100E-NM104 (Dependent)		
Subscriber ID	2100D-NM109 (Subscriber)		
	2100E-NM109 (Dependent)		

To support effective claim matching, this rule covers the following specified loops, segments, and data elements in the X12 v5010 276 transaction:

Table 4 – Applicable X12 v5010 276 Claim Matching Loops and Segments		
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element	
Billing Provider Name/ID Code	2100C-NM103/09	
Payer Claim Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)	
Patient Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)	
Claim Identification for	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	
Clearinghouses and Other	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)	
Transmission Intermediaries		
Claim Service Date	2200D-DTP03 (Subscriber)	
	2200E-DTP03 (Dependent)	

To support effective claim matching, this rule covers the following specified loops, segments, and data elements in the X12 v5010 277 transaction:

Table 5 – Applicable X12 v5010 277 Claim Matching Loops and Segments			
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element		
Billing Provider Name/ID Code	2100C-NM103/09		
Payer Claim Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)		
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)		
Patient Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)		
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)		
Claim Identification for	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)		
Clearinghouses and Other	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)		
Transmission Intermediaries			
Claim Service Date	2200D-DTP03 (Subscriber)		
	2200E-DTP03 (Dependent)		

102 To support effective remittance advice & check/payment information matching, this rule covers the 103 following specified loops, segments, and data elements in the X12 v5010 276 transaction:

Table 6 – Applicable X12 v5010 276 Remittance Advice & Check/Payment Information Matching Loops and Segments			
Data Element Name Loop/Segment/Data Element			
Billing Provider Name/ID Code	2100C-NM103/09		
Payer Claim Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)		
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)		
Claim Submitted Charges	2200D-AMT02 (Subscriber)		
_	2200E-AMT02 (Dependent)		

Table 7 – Applicable X12 v5010 277 Remittance Advice & **Check/Payment Information Matching Loops and Segments**

Loop/Segment/Data Element

2400C NIM402/00

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To support effective remittance advice & check/payment information matching, this rule covers the following specified loops, segments, and data elements in the X12 v5010 277 transaction:

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	Billing Provider Name/ID Code	2100C-NM103/09
110	Claim Submitted Charges	2200D-STC04 (Subscriber)
111		2200E-STC04 (Dependent)
	Claim Payment Amount	2200D-STC05 (Subscriber)
112		2200E-STC05 (Dependent)
113	Check Date	2200D-STC08 (Subscriber)
144		2200E-STC08 (Dependent)
114	Check Number	2200D-STC09 (Subscriber)
115		2200E-STC09 (Dependent)
	Payer Claim Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)
116		2200E-REF02 (Dependent)

Data Element Name

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This rule covers the following external code sources specified in the X12 v5010 276/277 transaction for the data elements listed in the table above:

- X12 External 507 Health Care Claim Status Category Codes in each STC Status Information Segment of the Loops identified above.1
- X12 External 508 Health Care Claim Status Codes in each STC Status Information Segment of the Loops identified above.²

3.6. Maintenance of this Rule

Any substantive updates to the rule (i.e., changes to rule requirements) are determined based on industry need as supported by the CORE Participants per the CORE Change and Maintenance Process.

3.6.1.CORE Process for Maintaining CORE-Defined Claim Status Category Code & Claim Status Code Combinations

The Health Care Claim Status Category Code is used to organize Health Care Claim Status Codes into logical groupings, conveying to Information Receivers a comprehensive status of an entire health care claim or a service line within a health care claim. The Health Care Claim Status Category Code and Health Care Claim Status Code lists are code lists maintained by an organization external to the ASC X12 Standards Committee. As such, these code lists are subject to revision and maintenance three times a year. Such revision and maintenance activities can result in new codes, revisions to an existing code's

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¹ See X12 External 507 Health Care Claim Status Category Codes for a complete list of Claim Status Category Codes.

² See X12 External 508 Health Care Claim Status Codes for a complete list of Claim Status Codes.

- definition and description, or the assignment of a stop date to a code, after which it should no longer be used.
- 137 Given this code list maintenance activity, CORE recognizes that the focus of this rule, coupled with this
- unique maintenance activity, will require a process and policy to enable the various Health Care Claim
- 139 Status Category Code and Health Care Claim Status Code combinations specified in the companion
- document of this rule, the CORE-required Claim Status Code Combinations for CORE-defined Claim
- 141 Status Business Scenarios.xlsx document, be revised and modified.
- 142 CORE will use its existing CORE Code Combinations Maintenance Process. This process is modeled
- after the well-established maintenance of the CORE-required Claim Adjustment Reason Codes (CARCs)
- and Remittance Advice Remark Codes (RARCs) combinations and is designed to:
 - Incorporate updates to external code lists (e.g., X12 Code Source 507 and 508)
 - Review draft combinations in the context of CORE-defined business scenarios
 - Address changes in payer or provider workflows, policy updates, or regulatory shifts
 - Support a transparent, consensus-based approach to updates
- As part of this process, it is expected that all stakeholders (e.g., health plans, providers, vendors, trading
- 150 partners, etc.) submit any additional business scenarios that Information Receivers or their agents
- 151 frequently use but are not already covered by this rule to CORE. The CORE Participants are committed to
- 152 continually improving the process for consistently and uniformly reporting claim status to providers across
- the industry. To further this commitment, CORE will continue to collaborate and take lessons learned from
- the industry to develop and enhance an ongoing quality improvement process for maintaining, updating,
- and supporting a stable code set.

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- 156 This process will maintain CSCC + CSC combinations associated with the Claim Status Data Content
- 157 Rule, ensuring they remain current and aligned with evolving business needs.

3.7. Abbreviations and Definitions Used in this Rule

- 159 CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios: In general, a business scenario provides a complete
- description of a business problem such that requirements can be reviewed in relation to one another in
- the context of the overall problem. Business scenarios offer a means for the industry to describe
- 162 processes or situations that address common problems and identify technical solutions. By clearly
- defining needs and reasons, trading partners and vendors can resolve problems using open standards
- and leverage each other's skills.
- 165 Thus, in the context of this CORE rule, a CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenario describes at a
- high level the category of the status of a health care claim within the health plan's adjudication system to
- which various combinations of Claim Status Category Codes and Claim Status Codes can be applied so
- details can be conveyed to the Information Receiver using the v5010 277 response transaction. The
- 169 CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios are specified in the CORE-required Claim Status Code
- 170 Combinations for CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios.xlsx document.

171 3.8. Assumptions

- 172 The goal of this rule is to adhere to the principles of electronic data interchange (EDI) to ensure
- transactions sent are accurately received and to facilitate the correction of errors for electronically
- 174 submitted health care claims.
- 175 The following assumptions apply to this rule:
 - A successful communication connection has been established between all trading partners.
- This rule is a component of the larger set of CORE Claim Status (276/277) Operating Rules.
- The CORE Guiding Principles apply to this rule and all other rules.³

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³ The CORE Operating Rules are available at: https://www.caqh.org/core/operating-rules.

- This rule is not a comprehensive companion document addressing any content requirements of the X12 v5010 276 or X12 v5010 277 transactions.
 - Compliance with all CORE Operating Rules is a minimum requirement; any entity is free to offer more than the requirements of this rule.
 - Claim status transactions are submitted electronically using the X12 v5010 276/277 transaction standard with all required data elements.

4. Technical Requirements

4.1. Uniform Use of CORE-Claim Status Business Scenarios with Claim Status Category Codes & Claim Status Codes

This section outlines the requirements for health plans and their agents when sending the X12 v5010 277 in response to the X12 v5010 276 claim status request, submitted in either real-time or batch mode.

4.1.1.CORE-Defined Claim Status Business Scenarios

At a high level, the CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios describe the category of the status of a health care claim within the health plan's adjudication system to which various combinations of Claim Status Category Codes and Claim Status Codes can be applied so that details can be conveyed to the Information Receiver using the X12 v5010 277 response transaction.

Health plans and their agents must align internal adjudication outcomes to the CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios and the Claim Status Category Code and Claim Status Code combinations specified in §4.1.1.2 of this rule and the *CORE-required Claim Status Code Combinations for CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios.xlsx* to communicate the status at the claim and service-line levels on the X12 v5010 277. The five CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios are outlined in Table 8 below.

Table 8 – CORE-Defined Claim Status Business Scenarios			
Business Scenario	CORE-Defined Claim Status Business Scenario Description	CORE Business Scenario Definition	
Business Scenario #1	Claim Finalized – Payment Will Be Made	Provider submits a claim, the claim is accepted into the adjudication system, and the health plan confirms payment is approved.	
Business Scenario #2	Claim Finalized – No Payment Will Be Made	Provider submits a claim, the claim is accepted into the adjudication system, the claim has been processed, but the health plan determines no payment is due. The claim has not been denied.	
Business Scenario #3	Claim Denied – No Payment Will Be Made	Provider submits a claim, the claim is accepted into the adjudication system, the claim has been fully processed, and the health plan confirms that payment is not approved (e.g., due to missing information or non-covered services).	
Business Scenario #4	Claim Pended	Provider submits a claim, the claim is accepted into the adjudication system, and the health plan pends the claim for review (e.g., medical necessity, prior authorization, additional validation). Pended claims can include those in which no remittance advice has been issued, only part of the claim has been paid, suspended claims, and claims awaiting review.	
Business Scenario #5	Errors	Provider submits a claim, but the claim is rejected and not accepted into the adjudication system due to formatting issues or missing/invalid data	

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Table 8 – CORE-Defined Claim Status Business Scenarios		
Business Scenario	CORE-Defined Claim Status Business Scenario Description	CORE Business Scenario Definition
		elements. When the provider submits a claim status request to check on the status of the claim, the health plan responds with one of the following:
		A claim status response indicating that the claim was rejected and never accepted for adjudication, or
		• An error response pointing to issue(s) with the request itself, such as invalid or missing data in the request transaction.

4.1.2.Uniform Use of CORE-defined Claim Status Category & Claim Status Codes Combinations

Specific details about the status of a claim are conveyed to providers and their agents by the health plan and their agents in the X12 v5010 277 response, using one or more specified Claim Status Category Codes in combination with specified Claim Status Codes. These code combinations are defined as CORE-defined Claim Status Category and Claim Status Code Combinations, which can be found in the CORE-required Claim Status Code Combinations for CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios.xlsx document.

Health plans and their agents shall map their internal codes and corresponding business scenarios to the CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios specified in §4.1.1 and the Claim Status Category Code and Claim Status Code combinations specified in the CORE-required Claim Status Code Combinations for CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios.xlsx.

Health plans and their agents must support the CORE-defined combinations of Claim Status Category Codes and Claim Status Codes in their X12 v5010 277 responses. The CORE-required Claim Status Code Combinations for CORE-defined Claim Status Business Scenarios.xlsx document outlines a minimum required data set for industry use. These combinations are established as a best practice to promote consistency and clarity in claim status responses across trading partners. When specific CORE-defined Claim Status Category and Claim Status Code combinations are not applicable to meet the health plans' and their agents' business requirements, it is not required to use them. Health plans and their agents may develop additional Claim Status Category Code and Claim Status Code combinations to report the status of a claim and may send as many STC segments as necessary to detail the accurate status of a claim fully. Deactivated codes must not be used.

4.2. Association and Alignment of Returned Status to Claim and Line

4.2.1.Level of Return

Health plans and their agents shall return claim status at the appropriate level of granularity. When the status applies to the entire claim, the entity shall report the Claim Status Category Code and Claim Status Code combinations in the claim-level STC segments (e.g., 2200D/2200E). When the status applies to one or more service lines, the entity shall report the Claim Status Category Code and Claim Status Code combinations in the line-level STC segments (e.g., 2220D/2220E). When both claim-level and line-level statuses are returned for the same claim, the line-level detail shall be refined and shall not conflict with the claim-level status.

4.2.2. Association to the Originating Request and to the Health Plan's Record

For every X12 v5010 277 response carrying claim or line status, s health plans and their agents shall include identifiers sufficient to: (a) associate the response to the originating X12 v5010 276 inquiry (e.g.,

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- normalized patient/subscriber name, subscriber identification number, patient control number, date(s) of service), and (b) associate the response to a health plan and its agents claim and, when applicable.
- 238 service-line record (e.g., payer claim control number at the claim level and line identifiers where
- supported). Exact loop/segment usage appears in §3.5 of this rule for data elements that are specified in §4.3.
- When more than one status condition applies to the same unit of work, health plans / and their agents shall return additional STC occurrences (STC10 and STC11, as applicable) to fully communicate all applicable conditions at the claim and/or line level.

4.2.3. Payment Linkage When a Paid Status Is Indicated

When the returned status indicates that payment has been or will be made, health plans and their agents shall include payment-linkage data in the specified STC elements, including the check date and check number, to support timely AR reconciliation. Where available, health plans and their agents should also return recommended monetary amounts (e.g., claim payment amount, submitted charges) without delaying the status response.

4.2.4. Identifier Consistency

All entities shall maintain consistency of persistent identifiers across subsequent X12 v5010 277 responses for the same claim, including, at a minimum, the patient control number and the payer claim control number, to preserve a stable association over time.

4.3. Data Alignment Requirements

This section standardizes the minimum set of data elements—designated Required or Recommended—to improve match rates, reduce "claim not found", and enable earlier, actionable follow-up across three use cases: Patient Search & Match Criteria, Claim Matching, and RA & Check/Payment Matching.

Required data elements must be supported/populated as specified to be in conformance with this rule. Recommended elements are encouraged to be supported and populated to enhance match quality and information sharing.

4.3.1.Patient Search & Match Criteria

This set of data elements establishes consistent inputs for the X12 v5010 276 and is echoed in the X12 v5010 277, allowing responders to reliably locate the patient/claim and return a single, clearly identifiable match. While some elements are marked as "required," an X12 v5017 276 should still be accepted if the submitted data is sufficient to produce a unique match, even if not all required fields are present. In this context, "required" elements are conditionally required: they are only needed when necessary to ensure an unambiguous match.

4.3.1.1. Data Elements in the X12 v5010 276 Request (in hierarchical order)

Table 9 – Data Elements in the X12 v5010 276 Request for Patient Search & Match Criteria			
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element	Requirement/Recommendation	
Patient Date of Birth	2000D-DMG02 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2000E-DMG02 (Dependent)		
Patient Gender Code	2000D-DMG03 (Subscriber)	Recommendation	
	2000E-DMG03 (Dependent)		
Patient Last Name	2100D-NM103 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2100E-NM103 (Dependent)		
Patient First Name	2100D-NM104 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2100E-NM104 (Dependent)		
Subscriber ID	2100D-NM109 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2100E-NM109 (Dependent)		

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4.3.1.2. Data Elements in the X12 v5010 277 Response (in hierarchical order)

Table 10 – Data Elements in the X12 v5010 277 Response for Patient Search & Match Criteria			
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element	Requirement/Recommendation	
Patient Last Name	2100D-NM103 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2100E-NM103 (Dependent)		
Patient First Name	2100D-NM104 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2100E-NM104 (Dependent)		
Subscriber ID	2100D-NM109 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2100E-NM109 (Dependent)		

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4.3.1.3. Normalizing Patient Last Name

Discrepancies in last name formatting (punctuation, spacing, diacritics, and suffixes/prefixes) commonly result in false non-matches and "claim not found" outcomes, even when the subscriber ID is correct. A minimal, uniform last-name normalization standard increases match rates across trading partners during claim status inquiries.

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4.3.1.3.1. Scope

This CORE rule for normalizing patients' last names applies to the X12 v5010 276/277 transactions for the Last Name element in 2100D-NM103 (Subscriber) and 2100E-NM103 (Dependent).

280 **4.3.1.3.2.** When This Applies

This CORE rule for normalizing patients' last names applies only when:

- The trading partners are using the ASC X12 Basic Character Set (see §4.3.2.3.4.1).
 And
- A subscriber ID is submitted in Loop 2100D of the X12 v5010 276 inquiry transaction.
 And
- A Last Name is submitted in Loops 2100D/2100E of the v5010 276 inquiry transaction.
- The Last Name is used in the health plans and their agents search and match logic.

289 4.3.1.3.3. When This Does Not Apply

This CORE Rule for normalizing patients' last names does not apply when trading partners have agreed to use the ASC X12 Extended Character Set.

4.3.1.3.4. Last Name Normalization Requirements

Health plans and their agent shall:

 Normalize the submitted last name in NM103 from the X12 v5010 276 before search and match occurs.

296 And

Normalize the stored last name in its system before comparing.

298 To normalize the submitted and stored last name, health plans and their agents source must:

 Remove all character strings: JR, SR, I, II, III, IV, V, RN, MD, MR, MS, DR, MRS, PHD, REV, ESQ when they are preceded by a space, comma, or forward slash and followed by a space or when they are preceded by a punctuation value in §4.3.1.3.4.1 and are at the end of the data element

303 And

• Remove special characters specified in §4.3.1.3.4.1 in the name element.

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Health plans and their agents shall normalize the submitted last name (X12 v5010 276 NM103) and the stored last name using the steps above before comparing for a match.

4.3.1.3.4.1. Approved Basic Character Set

308 The ASC X12 Basic Character Set consists of:

- Upper case letters from A to Z
- Digits from 0 to 9
- Special characters:

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- 312 ! " & ' () * + , . / : ; ? =
- The space character

Note: Special characters are removed from this category when used as delimiters.

4.3.1.3.4.2. Use of Extended Character Set

The ASC X12 Extended Character Set is outside the scope of this rule and may only be used by mutual agreement between trading partners. The ASC X12 Extended Character set includes lowercase letters, other special characters, national characters, and select language characters.

4.3.2.Claim Matching

This set of data elements helps ensure that the X12 v5010 277 can be matched back to the originating X12 v5010 276 and to a health plan's and its agent's internal claim record, supporting stable follow-up and status history. While some elements are marked as "required," an X12 v5010 276 should still be accepted if the submitted data is sufficient to produce a unique match, even if not all required fields are present. In this context, "required" elements are conditionally required: they are only needed when necessary to ensure an unambiguous match.

4.3.2.1. Data Elements in the X12 v5010 276 Request (in hierarchical order)

Table 11 – Data Elements in the X12 v5010 276 Request for Claim Matching			
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element	Requirement/Recommendation	
Billing Provider Name/ID Code	2100C-NM103/09	Recommendation	
Payer Claim Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	Recommendation	
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)		
Patient Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)	•	
Claim Identification for	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	Recommendation	
Clearinghouses and Other	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)		
Transmission Intermediaries			
Claim Service Date	2200D-DTP03 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2200E-DTP03 (Dependent)	_	

4.3.2.2. Data Elements in the X12 v5010 277 Response (in hierarchical order)

Table 12 – Data Elements in the X12 v5010 277 Response for Claim Matching			
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element	Requirement/Recommendation	
Billing Provider Name/ID Code	2100C-NM103/09	Recommendation	
Payer Claim Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	Recommendation	
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)		
Patient Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)		

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Table 12 – Data Elements in the X12 v5010 277 Response for Claim Matching			
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element	Requirement/Recommendation	
Claim Identification for	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	Recommendation	
Clearinghouses and Other	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)		
Transmission Intermediaries			
Claim Service Date	2200D-DTP03 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2200E-DTP03 (Dependent)		

4.3.3.Remittance Advice & Check/Payment Matching

This set of data elements supports earlier AR reconciliation and targeted follow-up by including payment linkage information when a claim status indicates a payment. While some elements are marked as "required," an X12 v5017 276 should still be accepted if the submitted data is sufficient to produce a unique match, even if not all required fields are present. In this context, "required" elements are conditionally required: they are only needed when necessary to ensure an unambiguous match.

4.3.3.1. Data Elements in the X12 v5010 276 Request (in hierarchical order)

Table 13 – Data Elements in the X12 v5010 276 Request for Remittance Advice &			
Check/Payment Matching			
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element	Requirement/Recommendation	
Billing Provider Name/ID Code	2100C-NM103/09	Recommendation	
Payer Claim Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)		
Claim Submitted Charges	2200D-AMT02 (Subscriber)	Recommendation	
	2200E-AMT02 (Dependent)		

4.3.3.2. Data Elements in the X12 v5010 277 Response (in hierarchical order)

Table 14 – Data Elements in the X12 v5010 277 Request for Remittance Advice &			
Check/Payment Matching			
Data Element Name	Loop/Segment/Data Element	Requirement/Recommendation	
Billing Provider Name/ID Code	2100C-NM103/09	Recommendation	
Claim Submitted Charges	2200D-STC04 (Subscriber)	Recommendation	
	2200E-STC04 (Dependent)		
Claim Payment Amount	2200D-STC05 (Subscriber)	Recommendation	
	2200E-STC05 (Dependent)		
Check Date	2200D-STC08 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2200E-STC08 (Dependent)	·	
Check Number	2200D-STC09 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2200E-STC09 (Dependent)	·	
Payer Claim Control Number	2200D-REF02 (Subscriber)	Requirement	
	2200E-REF02 (Dependent)	·	

4.4. Requirements for Receivers of X12 v5010 277 Responses

The receiver of a X12 v5010 277 Response (defined in the context of this CORE rule as the system originating the X12 276 Request) is required to detect and extract all data elements, data element codes, and corresponding code definitions to which this rule applies as returned by the health plan and its agent in the 277 Response.

 The receiver must display or otherwise make the data appropriately available to the end user without altering the semantic meaning of the X12 276 Response data content.

5. Conformance Requirements

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351 352 Conformance with this rule is considered achieved when all the required detailed step-by-step test scripts specified in the Claim Status CORE Certification Test Suite are successfully passed.



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