



**CORE Payment & Remittance ERA
Enrollment Data Rule**

Version PR.2.0

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**CAQH Committee on Operating Rules for Information Exchange (CORE)
DRAFT Payment & Remittance ERA Enrollment Data Rule vPR.2.0**

Revision History For CORE Payment & Remittance ERA Enrollment Data Rule

Version	Revision	Description	Date
3.0.0	Major	CORE 382 ERA Enrollment Data Rule balloted and approved via CORE Voting Process.	June 2012
3.0.1	Minor	Non-substantive adjustments to the CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set to improve usability: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Further distinguished Data Elements that do not obligate the provider to submit any associated data but provide essential context for related Sub-elements • Addressed table formatting inconsistencies • Ensured consistency between data elements • Corrected two minor typographical errors 	July 2014
PR.1.0	Minor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-substantive adjustments to support re-organization of operating rules into rule sets organized by business transaction (e.g., Eligibility & Benefits, Claim Status, etc.) rather than phase (e.g., Phase I, II, etc.) as approved by the CORE Board in 2019. • Operating rule naming, versioning and numbering methodologies updated to align with business transaction-based rule sets. 	May 2020
PR.2.0	Major	Draft substantive updates to the CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set and rule requirements to address current and emerging business needs.	December 2023

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1. Background Summary

The CORE Payment & Remittance Operating Rule Set addresses a range of operating rule requirements for both the HIPAA-adopted ASC X12 005010X221A1 Health Care Claim Payment/Advice (835) Technical Report Type 3 Implementation Guide and associated errata (hereafter X12 v5010 835) transaction, also known as the Electronic Remittance Advice (ERA), and the Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) by addressing operating rules related to the Nacha ACH (Automated Clearing House) CCD (Corporate Credit or Debit Entry) plus Addenda Record (hereafter CCD+) and the X12 835 TR3 TRN Segment (hereafter the CCD+ and X12 835 TR3 TRN Segment together are the Healthcare EFT Standards).¹

Along with the EFT, the ERA or electronic remittance advice made to the provider from the health plan furthers the automated posting of remittance information **by eliminating manual processing of paper remittances**. This rule builds upon the other CORE Payment & Remittance Operating Rules by addressing a key barrier to the use of ERA by providers – a cumbersome and, in many cases, incomplete ERA enrollment data set that **does not support automation**. This rule addresses similar challenges related to provider ERA enrollment.

1.1. ERA Enrollment Challenges and Opportunities

During initial rule development in 2012, healthcare providers or their agents² faced significant challenges when enrolling to receive ERA payments from a health plan including:

- Variation in data elements requested for enrollment
- Variation in the enrollment processes and approvals to receive the ERA
- Absence of critical elements addressing provider preferences on delivery options

Conversely, health plans were challenged by the effort and resources required to enroll providers and maintain changes in provider information over time. As a result, some plans prioritized converting high volume claim submitters to ERA over lower volume submitters, even though the low volume submitters may have accounted for the most providers submitting claims.

Consistent and uniform operating rules enabled providers to quickly, **securely**, and efficiently enroll for ERA and mitigate:

- Complex and varied enrollment processes
- Variation in data elements requested for enrollment
- Lack of electronic access to enrollments
- Missing requests for critical elements that help address provider preference and system-wide automation
- **Risks of fraudulent enrollments**

And supported:

- Reduced staff time spent on phone calls and websites
- Increased ability to conduct targeted follow-up with health plans
- Broader adoption of ERA by providers

¹ The CCD+ and X12 835 TR3 TRN Segment are adopted together as the Federal Healthcare EFT Standards in [CMS-0024-IFC](#): Administrative Simplification: Adoption of Standards for Health Care Electronic Funds Transfers (EFTs) and Remittance Advice, 01/10/12.

² One who agrees and is authorized to act on behalf of another, a principal, to legally bind an individual in particular business transactions with third parties pursuant to an agency relationship. Source: West's Encyclopedia of American Law, edition 2. Copyright 2008 The Gale Group, Inc. All rights reserved.

- Coordinated next steps in enrollment and remittance delivery process

In 2023, the CORE Participants evaluated opportunity areas and updated the CORE Payment & Remittance EFT & ERA Enrollment Data Rules to address current and emerging business needs identified by industry. For ease of reference, new and updated rule language approved via this maintenance process is highlighted in gray.

2. Issue to be Addressed and Business Requirement Justification

Prior to initial publication of this rule, large and small providers struggled with the complexities of enrolling in unique health plans and maintaining their information for ERA. Health plans also encountered challenges in collecting and processing identification information from each provider seeking ERA. These challenges led to the identification of common lessons learned and best practices to support industry efforts to streamline ERA enrollment workflows.

According to the 2022 CAQH Index, adoption of the ERA transaction increased from 43% to 83% over the past decade³, a result of broad industry education, complementary operating rules, and comfort with automation. However, adoption gaps remain. In 2023 CORE Participants identified a number of persistent opportunities for improving the ERA enrollment process. These included updates to the ERA Enrollment Data Set to address evolving business needs and addition of specific process-oriented requirements aimed at encouraging participating and reducing enrollment barriers. Key enhancements include:

- Securing enrollment data and forms to mitigate fraud risks
- Expanding scope of the rule to support bulk enrolment capabilities
- Ensuring efficient and timely delivery of enrollment notifications

2.1. Problem Space

During initial rule development, CORE EFT & ERA Subgroup Participant surveys and discussion identified significant barriers to achieving industry-wide adoption of EFT and ERA; much of these findings were reiterated by CORE and Nacha research as well as research by other industry efforts. One of the key barriers identified is the challenge faced by providers due to the variance of processes and data elements requested when enrolling in ERA with a health plan. Issues included variations in data terminology used for the same semantic concept (i.e., “Provider” vs. “Name”), resulting in inconsistent data entry leading to manual follow up and resubmissions. Further, in many cases these enrollment processes did not address the key items that are needed to use the ERA enrollment information to fully automate remittance advice posting. As a consequence, providers were often reluctant to implement the ERA with many health plans, particularly those plans that had seemingly difficult or extensive requirements.⁴

2.2. CORE Process in Addressing the Problem Space

To address the Problem Space and inform development of this CORE Payment & Remittance ERA Enrollment Data Rule, the initial CORE EFT & ERA Subgroup and its Work Group conducted a series of surveys, numerous Subgroup discussions and significant review of industry ERA enrollment forms and industry terms. The Subgroup further researched and incorporated insights from an existing industry initiatives (e.g., Workgroup for Electronic Data Interchange [WEDI], American Medical Association [AMA], etc.).

In the ten years following initial publication of this rule, CORE conducted annual maintenance of the ERA Enrollment Data Set and made no substantive updates. In 2023, to address industry needs to drive greater EFT and ERA adoption and enhance transparency, security and fraud detection, the CORE

³ CAQH Index Reports

⁴ CORE/Nacha White Paper: Adoption of EFT and ERA by Health Plans and Providers: A White Paper Identifying Business Issues and Recommendations for Operating Rules (2011).

80 Enrollment Data Task Group launched a comprehensive review of the rule requirements and associated
81 enrollment data set, ultimately approving substantive adjustments to both.

82 3. Scope

83 3.1. When the Rule Applies

84 This rule applies when a health plan or its agent is enrolling a healthcare provider or its agent for the
85 purpose of engaging in the receipt by the provider of the claim payment remittance advice electronically
86 (ERA) from a health plan.

87 3.2. CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Element Set

88 The data elements identified in the *CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set*
89 *Companion Document* are the maximum number of data elements that a health plan or its agent
90 may require a healthcare provider or its agent to submit to the health plan for the purpose of
91 engaging in receipt by the provider of the claim payment remittance advice electronically (ERA)
92 from a health plan.

93 These enrollment data elements represent a “controlled vocabulary” to provide a common,
94 uniform and consistent way for health plans to collect and organize data for subsequent
95 collection and use. A controlled vocabulary reduces ambiguity inherent in normal human
96 languages (where the same concept can be given different names), ensures consistency and is
97 potentially a crucial enabler of semantic interoperability.

98 The CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set (i.e., a controlled vocabulary)
99 mandates the use of predefined and authorized terms that have been preselected by CORE
100 Participants.

101 3.2.1. Data Element Group: Elements that May Need to be Requested Several Times

102 Several of the data elements in the *CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set*
103 *Companion Document* can be logically related where each single discrete data element can
104 form a larger grouping or a set of data elements that are logically related, e.g., a provider
105 contact name and a contact number are typically requested together or should be. Such logical
106 Data Element Groups are shown by assigning a Data Element Group identifier (e.g., DEG1,
107 DEG2, etc.) to the discrete data element included in the set of logically related data elements.

108 Each Data Element Group (DEG) represents a set of data elements that may need to be
109 collected more than once for a specific context, e.g., multiple provider contacts. Examples of the
110 DEGs are Provider Information and Provider Identifiers. Multiple uses of the same Data Element
111 Group to collect the same data for another context are allowed by this rule and do not constitute
112 a non-conforming use of the CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set.

113 3.2.2. Repeatable Data Elements

114 Bulk enrollment processes involve enrolling multiple providers simultaneously, necessitating the repetition
115 of certain data elements for each provider record within a collective submission; for example, multiple
116 National Provider Identifiers (NPIs) need to be enrolled under a single Taxpayer Identification Number
117 (TIN). The CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Elements are designed to be repeatable at
118 the DEG or discrete data element level. Repetition of data elements to accommodate diverse enrollment
119 contexts is allowed by this rule and does not constitute a non-conforming use of the CORE-required
120 Maximum ERA Enrollment Set.

121

122

123 **3.3. What the Rule Does Not Require**

124 This rule does not require any health plan to:

- 125 • Engage in the process of paying for healthcare claims electronically
- 126 • Conduct either the X12 v5010 835 or the Healthcare EFT Standards transactions
- 127 • Combine EFT with ERA enrollment
- 128 • Re-enroll a provider if the provider is already enrolled and receiving the ERA

129 **3.4. CORE Process for Maintaining CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set**

130 CORE recognizes that ERA changes in the marketplace and the experience gained from ERA enrollment
131 may indicate a need to modify the CORE-required ERA Enrollment Data Set to meet emerging or new
132 industry needs and will require a process for soliciting feedback from the industry on a periodic basis.

133 CORE accepts maintenance submission requests for the CORE-required ERA Enrollment Data Set on a
134 rolling basis and will convene the Enrollment Data Task Group if substantive submissions and/or critical
135 needs are identified as defined below:

- 136 • Substantive submissions must meet the [Enrollment Data Evaluation Criteria for Ongoing](#)
137 [Maintenance](#).
- 138 • Critical needs are any adjustment necessary to resolve an issue prohibiting implementation of the
139 currently Enrollment Data Set for multiple implementers and/or to address a regulatory
140 requirement.

141
142 If the Enrollment Data Task Group convenes to review a submitted substantive submission or critical
143 need and agrees to the substantive adjustment(s) to the ERA Enrollment Data Set, a notification is
144 shared with the industry announcing the publication of an updated ERA Enrollment Data Set. Health
145 plans or their business agents have twelve calendar months to update their electronic enrollment
146 systems/forms and paper-based enrollment forms to comply with published, updated a version of the
147 CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set. The timeframe starts on the date that CORE
148 publishes the updated version of the ERA Enrollment Data Set to the industry.

149 **3.5. Outside the Scope of This Rule**

150 This rule does not address any business relationship between a health plan and its agent or a healthcare
151 provider and its agent.

152 Outside the scope of this rule is:

- 153 • The need to collect other data for other business purposes and such data may be collected at the
154 health plan's discretion
- 155 • The method or mechanism for how a health plan exchanges ERA data internally
- 156 • The method or mechanism for how a health plan collects ERA data externally

157 **3.6. How the Rule Relates to other Operating Rule Sets**

158 As with other CORE Operating Rules, general CORE policies apply to CORE Payment & Remittance
159 Operating Rules.

160 **3.7. Assumptions**

161 A goal of this rule is to establish a foundation for the secure, successful, and timely enrollment of
162 healthcare providers by health plans to engage in the ERA.

163 The following assumption applies to this rule:

- 164 • This rule is a component of the larger set of CORE Payment & Remittance Operating Rules; as
165 such, all the CORE Guiding Principles apply to this rule and all other rules.

166 **4. Rule Requirements**

167 **4.1. Requirements for a Health Plan, its Agent or Vendors Offering ERA Enrollment**

168 A health plan or its agent or vendors offering ERA enrollment must comply with all requirements specified
169 in this rule when collecting from a healthcare provider or its agent the data elements needed to enroll the
170 healthcare provider for ERA.

171 **4.2. CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Elements**

172 A health plan or its agent or vendors offering ERA enrollment is required to collect no more data elements
173 than the maximum data elements defined in the *CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set*
174 *Companion Document*.

175 The *CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set Companion Document* lists all of the CORE-
176 required maximum Individual Data Elements and data element descriptions, organized by categories of
177 information (Data Element Groups), e.g., Provider Information, Provider Identifiers Information, Federal
178 Agency Information, Retail Pharmacy Information, Electronic Remittance Advice Information and
179 Submission or its agent or vendors offering ERA enrollment when collecting ERA enrollment data either
180 electronically or via a manual paper-based process. The Individual Data Element Name and its
181 associated description must not be modified.

182 Data Element Groups represent a set of data elements that may need to be collected more than once for
183 a specific context (Reference §3.2.1 and §3.2.2 above). Multiple uses of the same DEG to collect the
184 same data for another context are allowed by this rule and do not constitute a non-conforming use of the
185 CORE-required Maximum Enrollment Data Set.

186 A DEG may be designated as required or optional for data collection. Within each DEG, Individual Data
187 Elements are designated as required or optional for data collection.

- 188 • When a DEG is designated as required, all the required Individual Data Elements within the DEG
189 must be collected by the health plan; Individual Data Elements designated as optional may be
190 collected depending on the business needs of the health plan.
- 191 • When a DEG is designated as optional, the collection of the optional DEG is at the discretion of
192 the health plan. When a health plan exercises its discretion to collect an optional DEG, any
193 included Individual Data Element designed as required must be collected.
- 194 • Some required or optional Individual Data Elements are composed of one or more Sub-elements,
195 where a Sub-element is designated as either required or optional for collection. When a health
196 plan collects an optional Individual Data Element that is composed of one more optional Sub-
197 elements, the optional Sub- element may be collected at the discretion of the health plan. When a
198 health plan collects a required Individual Data Element that is composed of one or more optional
199 Sub-elements, the optional Sub-element may be collected at the discretion of the health plan.

200 Not collecting an individual data element identified as optional does not constitute a non-conforming use
201 of the CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set.

202 The data elements in the *CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set Companion Document* for
203 new enrollments. When an enrollment is being changed or cancelled, the health plan must make
204 available to the provider instructions on the specific procedure to accomplish a change in their enrollment
205 or to cancel their enrollment.

206 **4.3. CORE Master Template for Collecting ERA Enrollment Data**

207 **4.3.1. Master Template for Manual Paper-Based Enrollment**

208 The name of the health plan or its agent or the vendor offering ERA and the purpose of the form will be
209 on the top of the form, e.g., Health Plan X: Electronic Remittance Advice (ERA) Authorization Agreement.

210 A health plan or its agent or a vendor offering ERA is required to use the format, flow and data set
211 including data element descriptions in the *CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set* as the

212 CORE Master ERA Enrollment Submission form when using a manual paper-based enrollment method.
213 All CORE-required ERA Enrollment data elements must appear on the paper form in the same order as
214 they appear in the *CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set Companion Document*.

215 A health plan or its agent cannot revise or modify:

- 216 • The name of a CORE Master ERA Enrollment Data Element Name
- 217 • The usage requirement of a CORE Master ERA Enrollment Data Element
- 218 • The Data Element Group number of a CORE Master ERA Enrollment Data Element

219 Beyond the data elements and their flow, a health plan or its agent must:

- 220 • Develop and make available to the healthcare provider or its agent specific written instructions
221 and guidance for the healthcare provider or its agent when completing and submitting the
222 enrollment form, including when using paper
- 223 • Provide a number to fax and/or a U.S. Postal Service or email address to send the completed
224 form
- 225 • Include contact information for the health plan, specifically a telephone number and/or email
226 address to send questions
- 227 • Include authorization language for the provider to read and consider
- 228 • Include a section in the form that outlines how the provider can access online instructions for how
229 the provider can determine the status of the ERA enrollment
- 230 • Clearly label any appendix describing its purpose as it relates to the provider enrolling in ERA

231 **4.3.2. Master Template for Electronic Enrollment**

232 When electronically enrolling a healthcare provider in ERA, a health plan or its agent must use the CORE
233 Master ERA Enrollment Data Element Name and Sub-element Name as specified in the *CORE-required*
234 *Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set Companion Document* without revision or modification.

235 When using an XML-based electronic approach, the Data Element Name and Sub-element Name must
236 be used exactly as represented in the table enclosed in angle brackets (i.e., < >) for the standard XML
237 element name and all spaces replaced with an underscore [_] character, e.g., <Provider_Address>.

238 As noted below in §4.4, a health plan or its agent or vendors offering ERA enrollment will offer an
239 electronic way for provider to complete and submit the ERA enrollment. A health plan may use a web-
240 based method for its electronic approach to offering ERA enrollment. The design of the website is
241 restricted by this rule only to the extent that the flow, format, and data set including data element
242 descriptions established by this rule must be followed.

243 **4.4. CORE Electronic Safe Harbor for ERA Enrollment to Occur Electronically**

244 This rule provides an ERA enrollment “Electronic Safe Harbor” by which health plans, healthcare
245 providers, their respective agents, application vendors and intermediaries can be assured will be
246 supported by any trading partner. This ERA Enrollment Data Rule specifies that all health plans and their
247 respective agents must implement and offer to any trading partner (e.g., a healthcare provider) a secured⁵
248 electronic method (actual method to be determined by health plan or its agent) and process for collecting
249 the CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set. As an ERA enrollment “Safe Harbor,” this rule:

- 250 • **DOES NOT** require health plans or their agents to discontinue using existing manual and/or
251 paper-based methods and processes to collect the CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment
252 Data Set.
- 253 • **DOES NOT** require health plans or their agents to use ONLY an electronic method and process
254 for collecting the CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set.
- 255 • **DOES NOT** require an entity to do business with any trading partner or other entity.

⁵ Electronic methods to secure the process for collecting the CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set could include user authentication measures including multi-factor authentication, the use of security questions, etc.

256 CORE expects that in some circumstances, health plans or their agents may agree to use non-electronic
257 methods and mechanisms to achieve the goal of the collection of ERA enrollment data – and that
258 provider trading partners will respond to using this method should they choose to do so.

259 However, the electronic ERA enrollment “Safe Harbor” mechanism offered by a health plan and its agent
260 MUST be used by the health plan or its agent if requested by a trading partner or its agent. The electronic
261 ERA enrollment “Safe Harbor” mechanism is not limited to single entity enrollments and may include a
262 bulk enrollment. If the health plan or its agent does not believe that this CORE ERA Enrollment Safe
263 Harbor is the best mechanism for that particular trading partner or its agent, it may work with its trading
264 partner to implement a different, mutually agreeable collection method; however, if the trading partner
265 insists on conducting ERA Enrollment electronically, the health plan or its agent must accommodate that
266 request. This clarification is not intended in any way to modify entities’ obligations to exchange electronic
267 transactions as specified by HIPAA or other Federal and state regulations.

268 **4.5. Instructions for Electronic Enrollment**

269 A health plan must develop and make available to the healthcare provider or its agent specific written
270 instructions and guidance for the healthcare provider or its agent when providing and submitting the data
271 elements in the *CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set Companion Document*. The health
272 plan’s specific instructions and guidance are not addressed in this rule.

273 **4.6. Notifications for Electronic Enrollment Submissions**

274 **4.6.1. Confirmation of Receipt of an Electronic Enrollment Submission**

275 When a provider or its agent clicks “submit, or a similar command button on an electronic enrollment form
276 after completing all data fields, the system must return a submission receipt in 24 hours or less, indicating
277 to the provider or its agent that the completed enrollment form was successfully received, and information
278 about the “next steps” for processing the enrollment. This timeframe requirement must be met at least 90
279 percent of the time per calendar month.

280 This confirmation of receipt should be provided for initial enrollment, disenrollment, and enrollment
281 changes. Examples of such information may include, but not limited to:

- 282 • Option to print and save a PDF
- 283 • View the enrollment status
- 284 • The status or an update of a previously submitted request
- 285 • Assignment of a transaction or reference control number
- 286 • A detailed timestamp, potentially including date, time and time zone of the submission

287 **4.6.2. Confirmation of Completed Processing of an Electronic Enrollment Submission**

288 When a health plan or its agent successfully processes an enrollment, disenrollment or enrollment
289 change it must send an electronic notification to the provider or its agent to communicate that the request
290 was completed in 2 weeks or less. This timeframe requirement must be met at least 90 percent of the time
291 per calendar month.

292 The notification should provide information about enrollment status. Examples of such information may
293 include, but not limited to:

- 295 • Status of the enrollment, disenrollment, or change
- 296 • Effective date
- 297 • Estimated date of first EFT and/or ERA transaction delivery; or date of last if a disenrollment

298 **4.7. Time Frame for Rule Compliance**

299 Not later than the date that is six months after the compliance date specified in any Federal regulation
300 adopting this rule, a health plan or its agent that uses a paper-based form to collect and submit the
301 CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set must convert all its paper-based forms to comply

302 with the data set specified in this rule. Should such paper forms be available at provider's offices or other
303 locations, it is expected that such paper-based forms will be replaced.

304 If a health plan or its agent does not use a paper-based manual method and process to collect the
305 CORE-required Maximum ERA Enrollment Data Set as of the compliance date specified in any Federal
306 regulation adopting this rule, it is not required by this rule to implement a paper-based manual process on
307 or after the compliance date.

308 It will be expected that all electronic ERA enrollment will meet this rule requirement as of the compliance
309 date, and that the health plan or its agent will inform its providers that an electronic option is now
310 available, if not previously available.

311 **5. Conformance Requirements**

312 Conformance with this rule is considered achieved when all the required detailed step-by-step test scripts
313 specified in the Payment & Remittance CORE Certification Test Suite are successfully passed.

DRAFT